

Họ, tên:.....Số báo danh:.....

Mã đề thi 587

NỘI DUNG ĐỀ

(Đề thi gồm 50 câu trắc nghiệm được in trên 04 trang giấy)

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

1. A. damaged B. increased C. destroyed D. proposed
2. A. southern B. athlete C. healthy D. enthusiast

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. accommodation B. graduation C. engineering D. international
4. A. traditional B. appropriate C. electrician D. majority

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction.

5. We admire Lucy (A) for her (B) intelligence, cheerful (C) disposition and (D) she is honest.
6. The assumption (A) that smoking has bad (B) effects (C) on our health (D) have been proved.
7. Kangaroos use (A) its long and (B) powerful tails (C) to balance themselves when (D) sitting upright or jumping.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8. Economic reforms have _____ a lot of benefits for the local people.
A. resulted from B. resulted in C. given away D. carried out
9. Whenever he saw this film, it _____ the time when he was in London.
A. reminded him B. recalled him about C. remembered him of D. reminded him of
10. The Federal Reserve System, _____ under President Wilson, plays a key role in regulating the U.S. economy.
A. the establishment in 1913 B. was established in 1913
C. established in 1913 D. in 1913 they established it
11. He is coming _____ a cold after a night out in the rain.
A. away from B. down with C. across with D. up with
12. No one lives in this house, _____?
A. do they B. does one C. don't they D. does he
13. He looked so funny that we couldn't help _____.
A. laughing B. to laugh C. laugh D. laughed
14. After his long absence from school, he found it difficult to _____ the rest of this class.
A. put up with B. run after C. catch up with D. keep up
15. Not until _____ himself seriously ill.
A. he had completed the task did he find B. had he completed the task did he find
C. had he completed the task he found D. did he completed the task he had found
16. Most people can _____ clearly between a real and a simulated smile.
A. differ B. different C. difference D. differentiate
17. - "Is it important?" - "_____"
A. Not on your life! B. It's a matter of life and death!
C. No worry, that's nothing. D. It's ridiculous.
18. Have you called the airline to make a _____ for our trip to Hue?
A. preserve B. reserve C. preservation D. reservation

19. In the last match, Sabella changed his formation at half-time, introducing Fernando Gago in midfield and Higuain in attack, but in the end it was Messi's magic that _____ the difference.

- A. made B. gave C. did D. took

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

20. - "Need a hand with your suitcase, Jane?" - " _____ "

- A. Not a chance. B. I don't believe it.
C. That's very kind of you. D. Well done!

21. "Do you think that we should use public transportation to protect our environment?" - " _____."

- A. Of course not. You bet! B. There's no doubt about it
C. Well, that's very surprising D. Yes, it's an absurd idea.

Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in the following sentences.

22. He was one of the most outstanding performers at the live show last night.

- A. easy-looking B. impressive C. important D. well-known

23. The younger generation tends to embrace liberal ideals and reject more conservative ones.

- A. hug tightly B. accept completely
C. introduce formally D. promote enthusiastically

Choose the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in the following sentence.

24. After five days on trial, the court found him innocent of the crime and he was released.

- A. innovative B. benevolent C. naïve D. guilty

25. "Six hours of study has made me feel a bit antsy. I will go for a walk and come back in 15 minutes or so."

- A. excited B. successful C. quiet D. energetic

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

26. He survived the operation thanks to the skillful surgeon.

- A. Though the surgeon was skillful, he couldn't survive the operation.
B. He survived because he was a skillful surgeon.
C. There was no skillful surgeon, so he died.
D. He wouldn't have survived the operation without the skillful surgeon.

27. Martin missed his flight because he had not been informed of the change in flight schedule.

- A. Martin missed his flight, though he had been informed of the change in the flight schedule.
B. Martin had been informed of his flight delay, which was due to the change in flight schedule.
C. Not having been informed of the change of the flight schedule, Martin missed his flight.
D. Not having missed his flight, Martin was informed of the change in flight schedule.

28. Those who are riding John said, "You'd better not lend them any money, Daisy."

- A. John ordered Daisy not to lend them any money.
B. John commanded Daisy not to lend them any money.
C. John asked Daisy if she had lent them any money.
D. John advised Daisy not to lend them any money.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

29. We spend about one-third of our lives sleeping. We know relatively little about sleep.

- A. We know relatively little about sleep; as a result, we spend about one-third of our lives sleeping.
B. We shall know more about sleep if we spend more than one-third of our lives sleeping.
C. Despite spending about one-third of our lives sleeping, we know relatively little about sleep.
D. We spend about one-third of our lives sleeping so that we know relatively little about sleep.

30. Our foods contain thousands of different chemicals. However, only a few of them are absolutely essential to our health.

A. To stay healthy with only a few essential chemicals, we have to eat the foods that contain thousands of different chemicals.

B. Containing thousands of different chemicals, foods are absolutely essential to our health.

C. We stay healthy absolutely thanks to eating foods with thousands of different essential chemicals.

D. Our foods contain thousands of different chemicals, only a few of which are absolutely essential to our health.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer for each of the blanks from 31 to 35.

Rwanda will soon become the first country in the world where female politicians (31) _____ male politicians. The small central African country has (32) _____ huge progress since its tragic genocide in the 1990s. It can now proudly call itself a beacon of sexual equality. The ruling party coalition won 78% of seats in the election. Women took at least 44 out of a (33) _____ of the 80 seats. Women may still win another three undecided seats. The head of the country's election commission stated: "It's clear women representatives will be more than 50 per cent." Since the genocide, the government has encouraged women (34) _____ politics. Many in Rwanda say the election results show that people are (35) _____ up with male-dominated politics. They say women will bring freshness and change to the nation.

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| 31. A. overcome | B. outnumber | C. outweigh | D. react |
| 32. A. made | B. performed | C. created | D. reported |
| 33. A. completion | B. amount | C. total | D. whole |
| 34. A. in | B. with | C. onto | D. to |
| 35. A. annoyed | B. frustrated | C. fed | D. bored |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer for each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Recent technological advances in manned and unmanned vehicles, along with breakthroughs in satellite technology and computer equipment, have overcome some of the limitations of divers and diving equipment for scientists doing research on the great oceans of the world. Without a vehicle, divers often became *sluggish*, and their mental concentration was severely limited. Because undersea pressure affects their speech organs, communication among divers has always been difficult or impossible. But today, most oceanographers avoid the use of vulnerable human divers, preferring to reduce the risk to human life and make direct observations by means of instruments that are lowered into the ocean, from samples taken from the water, or from photographs made by orbiting satellites. Direct observations of the ocean floor can be made not only by divers but also by deep-diving submarines in the water and even by the technology of sophisticated aerial photography from vantage points above the surface of more than seven miles and *cruise* at depths of fifteen thousand feet. In addition, radio-equipped buoys can be operated by remote control in order to transmit *information* back to land-based laboratories via satellite. Particularly important for ocean study are data about water temperature, currents, and weather. Satellite photographs can show the distribution of sea ice, oil slicks, and cloud formations over the ocean. Maps created from satellite pictures can represent the temperature and the color of the ocean's surface, enabling researchers to study the ocean currents from laboratories on dry land. Furthermore, computers help oceanographers to collect, organize, and analyze data from submarines and satellites. By creating a model of the ocean's movement and characteristics, scientists can predict the patterns and possible effects of the ocean on the environment.

Recently, many oceanographers have been relying more on satellites and computers than on research ships or even submarine vehicles because they can supply a greater range of information more quickly and more effectively. Some of humankind's most serious problems, especially *those* concerning energy and food, may be solved with the help of observations made possible by this new technology.

36. With what topic is the passage primarily concerned?
 A. Technological advances in oceanography B. Communication among divers
 C. Direct observation of the ocean floor D. Undersea vehicles
37. The word “*sluggish*” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.
 A. nervous B. confuse C. slow moving D. very weak
38. Divers have had problems in communicating under water because _____.
 A. the pressure affected their speech organs B. the vehicles they used have not been perfected
 C. they did not pronounce clearly D. the water destroyed their speech organs
39. This passage suggests that the successful exploration of the ocean depends on _____.
 A. vehicles as well as divers B. radios that divers use to communicate
 C. controlling currents and the weather D. the limitations of diving equipment
40. Undersea vehicles _____.
 A. are too small for a man to fit inside B. are very slow to respond
 C. have the same limitations that divers have D. make direct observations of the ocean floor
41. How is radio-equipped buoy operated?
 A. By operators inside the vehicle in the part underwater.
 B. By operators outside the vehicle on a ship.
 C. By operators outside the vehicle on a diving platform.
 D. By operators outside the vehicle in a laboratory on shore.
42. The word “*those*” in the second paragraph refers to _____.
 A. vehicles B. problems C. ships D. computers

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer for each of the questions from 43 to 50.

THE MODERN CARS OF THE FUTURE

Today’s cars are smaller, safer, cleaner and more economical than their predecessors, but the car of the future will be far more pollution-free than those on the road today. Several new types of automobile engines have already been developed that run on alternative sources of power, such as electricity, compressed natural gas, methanol, steam, hydrogen and propane. Electricity, however, is the only zero-emission option presently available.

Although electric vehicles will not be truly practical until a powerful, **compact** battery or other dependable source of current is available, transportation experts **foresee** a new assortment of electric vehicles entering everyday life: shorter-range commuter electric cars, three wheeled neighborhood cars, electric delivery vans, bikes and trolleys.

As automakers work to develop practical electrical vehicles, urban planners and utility engineers are focusing on infrastructure systems to support and make the best use of the new cars. Public charging facilities will need to be as common as today’s gas stations. Public parking spots on the street or in commercial lots will need to be equipped with devices that allow drivers to charge their batteries while they stop, dine, or attend a concert. To encourage the use of electric vehicles, the most convenient parking in transportation centers might be reserved for electric cars.

Planners foresee electric shuttle buses, trains, buses and neighborhood vehicles all meeting at transit centers that would have facilities for charging and renting. **Commuters** will be able to rent a variety of electric cars to suit their needs: light trucks, one-person three-wheelers, small cars or electric/ gasoline **hybrid** cars for longer trips, which will no doubt take place on automated freeways capable of handling five times the number of vehicles that can be carried by a freeway today.

43. The following electrical vehicles are all mentioned in the passage EXCEPT _____.
 A. vans B. trains C. planes D. trolleys
44. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
 A. The car of the future will be safer, but more pollution than today’s car.
 B. Electric vehicles will be more practical if their batteries are more powerful.
 C. Public charging facilities will be very common.
 D. There will be many electric cars for people to rent.

45. In the second paragraph the author implies that _____.
A. a dependable source of electric energy will eventually be developed
B. everyday life will stay much the same in the future
C. single electric vehicle will eventually replace several modes of transportation
D. electric vehicles are not preferable in the future
46. According to the passage, public parking lots of the future will be _____.
A. more convenient than they are today
B. equipped with charging devices
C. much larger than they are today
D. as common as today's gas station
47. The word *commuters* in paragraph 4 refers to _____.
A. daily travelers B. visitors C. cab drivers D. shoppers
48. The word *hybrid* in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. combination B. hazardous C. futuristic D. automated
49. The author's main purpose is to _____.
A. criticize conventional vehicles
B. support the invention of electric cars
C. narrate a story about alternative energy vehicles
D. describe the possibilities for transportation in the future
50. The passage would likely be followed by details about _____.
A. automatic freeways B. pollution restrictions in the future
C. the neighborhood of the future D. electric shuttle buses

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